INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: X	**Department: Social Science**	**Sub: ECONOMICS**
Chapter-2 WORKSHEET:2	**Topic: SECTORS OF THE INDIAN ECONOMY**	**Year: 2026-27**

1	**A farmer starts selling vegetables directly to customers using an online delivery app. The delivery service belongs to the:** A. Primary Sector B. Secondary Sector **C. Tertiary Sector** D. Agricultural Sector
2	**Which statement best explains why only final goods are included in GDP?** A. Intermediate goods have no value. B. Final goods are easier to count. C. Final goods are always manufactured. **D. Including intermediate goods would lead to double counting.**
3	**Which of the following workers is most likely employed in the unorganised sector?** A. A teacher in a government school **B. A street food vendor** C. Clerk in a nationalised bank D. A railway employee
4	**In India ___________sector is the largest employer while ___________sector is the largest income generator.** A. Secondary, Tertiary B. Primary, Secondary **C. Primary, Tertiary** D. Tertiary, Secondary
5	**The sectors are classified into public and private sectors on the basis of ____________.** **A. Ownership of enterprises** B. Employment condition C. The nature of economic activity D. Number of workers employed in the enterprise
6	**Which of the following workers is most likely to receive a provident fund, a pension and paid leave?** A. Domestic helper B. Daily wage labourer **C. Employee in a registered company** D. Vegetable vendor

7	**Which one of the following activities comes under the secondary sector?** A. Production of a good by exploiting natural resources **B. Activities in which natural products are changed into other forms through ways of manufacturing** C. Activities, by themselves, do not produce a good but they are an aid or support for the production process. D. Mineral excavation
8	**A village has 15 workers cultivating a small piece of land. Experts found that only 8 workers are actually required to produce the same output. This situation indicates:** A. Seasonal unemployment **B. Disguised unemployment** C. Educated unemployment D. Structural unemployment
9	**Gross Value Added (GVA) measures the contribution of the three sectors after adjusting for:** A. Imports and exports B. Savings and investment **C. Taxes and subsidies** D. Wages and profits
10	**What does Gross Domestic Product show? Pick the correct statement given below:** A. It shows the number of people involved in production in a particular year. B. It shows the total product of a country in a given year without counting the country's total resources. **C. It shows how big is the economy of a country in a given year in terms of its total output.** D. It shows the total value of trade transactions of a country in a particular year.
11	**Which of the following sectors are included in the calculation of GVA?** A. Public, Private and Foreign sectors B. Organised, Unorganised and Informal sectors **C. Primary, Secondary and Tertiary sectors** D. Rural, Urban and Industrial sectors
12	**Assertion and Reason:** In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option: **Assertion (A):** The tertiary sector is becoming increasingly important in India. **Reason (R):** Development in agriculture and industries increases the demand for services. **Options:** **A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.** B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. C. A is true but R is false. D. A is false but R is true.
13	**Assertion (A):** Every worker in the unorganised sector receives job security and social benefits. **Reason (R):** The organised sector follows government rules and regulations. **Options:** A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. C. A is true but R is false. **D. A is false but R is true.**